



विद्या सर्वार्थ साधिका

ANANDALAYA  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION  
Class: XI

Subject: History (027)

Date: 23-02-2024

M.M: 80

Time: 3 hours

**General Instructions:**

- i. This Question paper is divided into five sections-Section A, B, C, D, E
- ii. Section-A: Question no. 1 to 20 are MCQ type questions of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section-B: Question no. 21 and 26 are short answer type questions of 3 marks each.
- iv. Section-C: Question no. 27 to 29 are long answer type question, carrying 8 marks each.
- v. Section-D: Question no. 30 to 32 are source base questions, carrying 4 marks each.
- vi. Section-E: Question no. 33 map-based questions carrying 1 mark each.

**SECTION-A**

1. When did the excavation at Mesopotamia begin? (1)  
(A) 1850 (B) 1804 (C) 1840 (D) 1871
2. The native American tribe forcibly evicted by the US President Andrew Jackson was known as (1)  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Hopis (B) Cherokees (C) Metis (D) Ottawas
3. Who were the Plebeians? (1)  
(A) Plebeians were the royal people of the Roman empire.  
(B) Plebeians were the slaves of the Roman empire.  
(C) Plebeians were the nomads of the Roman empire.  
(D) Plebeians were the common people of the Roman empire.
4. Which one of these was the oldest Mesopotamian town? (1)  
(A) Ur (B) Sumeria (C) Urr (D) Raur
5. Monasteries were constructed \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(A) in the middle of the town. (B) away from the town and in the forest.  
(C) far away from the human habitation. (D) in the vicinity of the churches.
6. Identify the correct chronological order. (1)  
(I) Chinese Communist Party founded (II) First Opium War  
(III) Meiji Restoration (IV) Long March  
(A) II, III, I, IV (B) I, II, III, IV (C) III, II, I, IV (D) IV, I, III, II
7. What form of government was established by the Meiji Constitution? (1)  
(A) Absolute Monarchy with a Parliament (B) Communalism  
(C) Parliamentary form of Government (D) Dictatorship
8. Fill in the blanks: (1)  
The Warka head was recovered from \_\_\_\_\_.

9. Which of these Italian cities contributed to the growth of Renaissance? (1)  
 (A) Turin (B) Lucca (C) Venice (D) Bari
10. Onon river is present in \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
 (A) China (B) Mongolia (C) Pakistan (D) Korea
11. How have the sedentary societies characterized nomads? (1)  
 (A) Pastoralists (B) Herdsmen  
 (C) Primitive Barbarians (D) Mongols
12. Identify the great Mesopotamian ruler, who ruled the city of Uruk and was shocked when his heroic friend died. (1)  
 (A) Enmerkar (B) Gilgamesh (C) Zimrillah (D) Nabonidus
13. Why did China build the fortification? (1)  
 (A) To protect their subjects from frequent nomadic raids.  
 (B) They were fond of huge walls.  
 (C) It helped in giving an extravagant look to their kingdoms.  
 (D) For beautification.
14. For which of the following reasons, writing would have begun in the Mesopotamian Civilisation? (1)  
 (A) For recording Transactions (B) For Leisure activities  
 (C) For painting on pottery (D) For writing books
15. Population of native people in America met to sharp decrease because \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
 (A) They were deported to reservations  
 (B) They were not given rights of citizen  
 (C) They were made slaves  
 (D) of inclement weather in so-called reservations and the atrocities exercised by Europeans.
16. Free peasants were \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
 (A) peasant-cum-soldier (B) tenants of the Lord.  
 (C) payer of labour-rent in Begar (D) denied of political rights.
17. Choose the correct option: (1)  
 Assertion (A): Tithe was the tax collected by the church from the peasants.  
 Reason (R): It was fixed as 1/10<sup>th</sup> of the total produce.  
 (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.  
 (B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A  
 (C) A is true, but R is false  
 (D) A is false, but R is true
18. Protestant Reformers was \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
 (A) a document opposing church practices.  
 (B) a movement against Catholic Church by Martin Luther, a monk  
 (C) a mutiny  
 (D) a peasants' movement opposing over-taxation.

19. The Roman emperor who consolidated the rise of provincial upper classes so as to exclude the senators from military command was \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Augustus                      (B) Constantine                      (C) Gallienus                      (D) Tiberius

20. Identify the following images. (2)

(A)



(B)



### SECTION-B

21. Explain the features of the seals, an urban artefact in the context of Mesopotamia. (3)

22. Define the term: (3)

- (A) Monolith                      (B) Christianisation                      (C) Laity

23. Discuss the Genghis Khan's courier system. (3)

24. Discuss the changes did Christianity bring in the context of celebration, practices and life of European society. (3)

**OR**

Discuss the features of newly designed Cathedrals.

25. What was the position of women in merchant and aristocrat families in Europe? (3)

26. Write a brief note on 'Gold Rush'. (3)

### SECTION-C

27. Discuss in detail about the life of peasants and serfs in third order. (8)

28. Draw the diagram and discuss about the life of the people of a trading town in a pastoral Zone. (8)

**OR**

'Temples evolve into a vital urban institution in Mesopotamian society'. How did temples develop in Mesopotamia? What role did temples play in Mesopotamian society?

29. 'The emperor, the aristocracy and the army are the three players of the political history of the empire' Justify the statement by discussing each group. (8)

### SECTION-D

30. Read the following extracts carefully and answer the questions that follow. (4)

Moga: An abbreviation for 'modern girl'. It represented the coming together in the twentieth century of ideas of gender equality, a cosmopolitan culture and a developed economy. The new middleclass families enjoyed new forms of travel and entertainment. Transport in cities improved with electric trams, public parks were opened from 1878, and department stores began to be built. In Tokyo, the Ginza became a fashionable area for Ginbura, a word combining

'Ginza' and 'burbura' (walking aimlessly). The first radio stations opened in 1925. Matsui Sumako, an actress, became a national star with her portrayal of Nora in the Norwegian writer Ibsen's A Doll's House. Movies began to be made in 1899 and soon there were a dozen of companies making hundreds of films. The period was one of the great vitalities and the questioning of traditional norms of social and political behaviour. (1+2+1)

(30.1) What does Moga mean and what did it represent?

(30.2) What became fashionable in Tokyo? Who was Matsui Sumako?

(30.3) Why was this period was of great importance?

31. Read the following extracts carefully and answer the following questions- (4)

'It was indicated on the stone tablets that the Hopis\* had that the first brothers and sisters that would come back to them would come as turtles across the land. They would be human beings, but they would come as turtles. So, when the time came close the Hopis were at a special village to welcome the turtles that would come across the land and they got up in the morning and looked out at the sunrise. They looked out across the desert and they saw the Spanish Conquistadores coming, covered in armour, like turtles across the land. So, this was them. So, they went out to the Spanish man and they extended their hand hoping for the handshake but into the hand the Spanish man dropped a trinket. And so, word spread throughout North America that there was going to be a hard time, that maybe some of the brothers and sisters had forgotten the sacredness of all things and all the human beings were going to suffer for this on the earth.'

– From a talk by Lee Brown, 1986 (2+1+1)

(31.1) What was the belief of the Hopis? Whom did Hopis encounter?

(31.2) What did Spanish man give and what did Hopis expect?

(31.3) Why were all the human beings going to suffer on the earth?

32. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Balthasar Castiglione, author and diplomat, wrote in his book The Courtier (1528): (4)

'I hold that a woman should in no way resemble a man as regards her ways, manners, words, gestures and bearing. Thus, just as it is very fitting that a man should display a certain robust and sturdy manliness, so it is well for a woman to have a certain soft and delicate tenderness, with an air of feminine sweetness in her every movement, which, in her going and staying and whatsoever she does, always makes her appear a woman, without any resemblance to a man. If this precept be added to the rules that these gentlemen have taught the courtier, then I think that she ought to be able to make use of many of them, and adorn herself with the finest accomplishments. For I consider that many virtues of the mind are as necessary to a woman as to a man; as it is to be of good family; to shun affectation: to be naturally graceful; to be well mannered, clever and prudent; to be neither proud, envious or evil-tongued, nor vain... to perform well and gracefully the sports suitable for women.' (1+2+1)

(32.1) Who was Balthasar Castiglione? According to him, in what way woman should not resemble a man?

(32.2) What kind of stereotype did author make about women?

(32.3) What are the virtues that both men and women should have?

#### SECTION-E

33. On the given out-line map of Western Europe locate and label the following places. (5)

(A) German States

(B) Normandy

(C) Italian States

(D) England

(E) Mediterranean Sea

NAME:  
CLASS AND SECTION:

SUBJECT:  
DATE:

